

# **Product datasheet for TA337135**

## 9620 Medical Center Drive, Ste 200 Rockville, MD 20850, US Phone: +1-888-267-4436

OriGene Technologies, Inc.

techsupport@origene.com
EU: info-de@origene.com
CN: techsupport@origene.cn

# **CLEC9A Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone ID: 14N8D7]**

#### **Product data:**

**Product Type:** Primary Antibodies

Clone Name: 14N8D7

Applications: WB

**Recommend Dilution:** WB: 1-3ug/ml

**Reactivity:** Human, Primate

**Host:** Mouse

Isotype: IgG1, kappa
Clonality: Monoclonal

**Immunogen:** A portion of amino acids 50-130 of human CLEC9A was used as the immunogen for the

antibody. 60 74

**Formulation:** PBS containing 0.05% BSA, 0.05% Sodium Azide. Store at 4C. Do not freeze.

**Concentration:** 0.5 mg/ml

**Purification:** Protein G purified

**Gene Name:** C-type lectin domain family 9 member A

Database Link: NP 997228 Entrez Gene 283420 Human



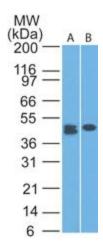
### Background:

CLEC9A is a group V CTLR (C-type lectin-like receptor) that functions as an activation receptor and is expressed on myeloid lineage cellsThis protein is also expressed at the cell surface and acts as glycosylated dimers which mediate endocytosis, but not phagocytosis (Poulin LF et al, 2010). It facilitates antigen uptake and presentation, and may provide a suitable target for antibody-mediated antigen delivery. CLEC9A is important for conveying information from necrotic cells to T-cells and defines a pathway by which adaptive immune responses can be initiated in the absence of infection (Huysamen C et al, 2008). It recruits Syk to mediate sensing of necrosis by the principal DC subset involved in regulating cross priming to cellassociated antigens (Sancho D et al, 2009). Signaling via this kinase occurs through a novel pathway involving CARD9 which induce a variety of cellular responses including the induction of cytokines (such as TNF, IL-6, IL-10, IL-23, and IL-2), the respiratory burst, and the production of Arachidonic acid (Caminschi I et al, 2008). In addition, it also induces TH17 (Thelper type 17) adaptive responses in vivo. Expression of CLEC9A is highly restricted in peripheral blood, being detected only on BDCA3+ DCs and on a small subset of CD14+ CD16monocytes. CLEC9A serves as a new marker to distinguish subtypes of DCs. Targeting antigens to DCs with antibodies to CLEC9A is a promising strategy to enhance the efficiency of vaccines, even in the absence of adjuvants (Sancho D et al, 2008).

Synonyms: CD370; DNGR-1; DNGR1; UNQ9341

**Protein Families:** Transmembrane

## **Product images:**



Western Blot: CLEC9A Antibody (14N8D7) TA337135 - Analysis of A) HCT-116 and B) MCF-7 lysate using this antibody at 1 ug/ml.